

# **Disclosures**

I receive a monthly retainer from Health Catalyst as a part-time





### Outline

- $_{1.}$  A policy with proper ethical oversight to embedded research
- 2. A way of thinking about research that fits into care delivery operations
- 3. Examples of results





## **Ethical Oversight Policy for Learning Projects**

- AHRQ Hasting Ethics Center grant: The Ethics of Quality Improvement - published papers, a book, demonstration projects (MD Anderson Cancer Center, Intermountain Healthcare)
- <sup>•</sup> Presented resulting "test" policy to SACHRP

(Secretary's Advisory Committee on Human Research Protections – oversees OHRP) on 27~March~2008

- Distinguishes traditional clinical research from quality improvement
  QI deploys evidence-based best treatment; doesn't compare treatments
  - allows clinicians to vary based on patient need (doesn't interrupt the ethical clinician-patient link)
- Uses a Privacy Board (special type of an IRB established in HIPAA; structurally and functionally identical to an IRB) to oversee QI projects (off-loads regular IRBs)

- almost always uses expedited review (with consent agenda back to the IRB/Privacy Board)

<sup>°</sup> Relies primarily on "detect controls" rather than "prevent controls"





## 4 "types" of clinical learning

#### 1. Rapid impact on care delivery performance as measured in patient outcomes

- the "best medical result at the lowest necessary cost"
- internally funded with "patient-care" (operational) dollars
- external grant funding, publication = "icing on the cake"

#### 2. Investigator-initiated research

- traditional academic model
- funded through grants

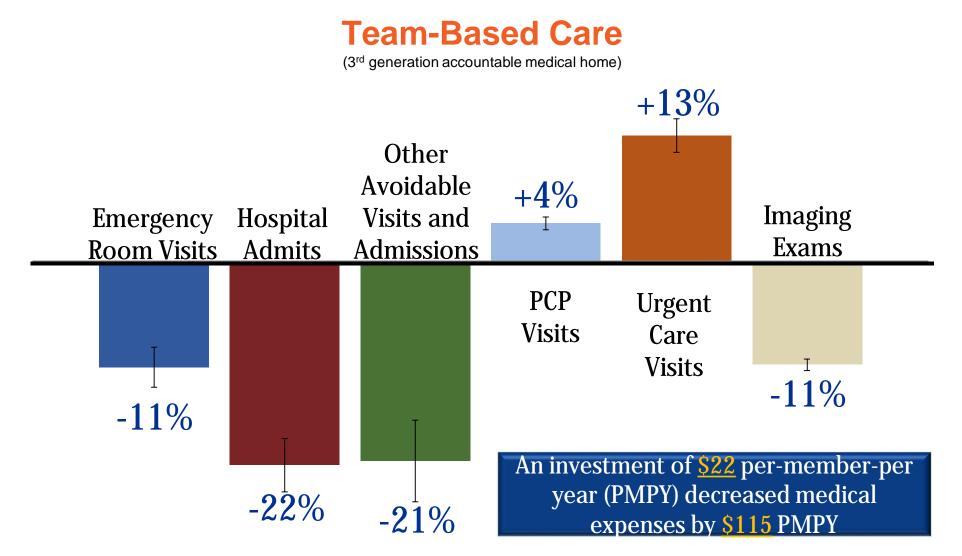
#### 3. Collaborations with external investigators

- e.g., multi-center trials; investigators at local universities
- requires an internal "champion"

#### 4. Industry-based groups (e.g., big pharma; device manufacturers)







Reiss-Brennan B, Brunisholz KD, Dredge C, Briot P, Grazier K, Wilcox A, Savitz L, and James B. Association of integrated team-based care with health care quality, utilization, and cost. *JAMA* 2016; 316(8):826-34 (Aug 23/30).



