

The American Opioid Epidemic in Special Populations: Five Examples

The United States is in the midst of an unprecedented crisis of prescription and illicit opioid misuse, use disorder, and overdose. Although the crisis has a ected large swaths of the U.S. population, it has impacted certain segments of the population with an extra level of intensity—justice-involved populations, rural populations, veterans, adolescents and young adults, and people who inject drugs. Research has clearly shown that solutions for the opioid overdose epidemic are not one size ts all, and special attention BT1uld bpopa ovr00 bp al o/Py02t may BTsu has ri knouny. size

Research and Action Priorities for People Who Inject Drugs

- Increasing access to sterile injection equipment and education on safe injection practices, infection prevention strategies, and appropriate wound care through the expansion of syringe service programs (SSPs)
- Expanding access to MOUD among PWID, especially buprenorphine and methadone.
- Increasing HIV and hepatitis testing, counseling, provision of PrEP, and improved linkage to